

A signal is applied to the input of a first-order low-pass filter having $G_o = 5$ and $f_c = 1000$ Hz ($\omega_c = 6283$ rad/s),

$$v_i(t) = (1 \text{ V}) \sin [(1885 \text{ rad/s}) t] + (1 \text{ V}) \sin [(6283 \text{ rad/s}) t] + (1 \text{ V}) \sin [(18,850 \text{ rad/s}) t]$$

(In other words, the input consists of three sinusoids at frequencies of 300 Hz, 1000 Hz, and 3 kHz.)

Calculate the form of the output voltage signal. Don't forget about phase shifts!

$$v_o(t) = \underline{\hspace{15cm}}$$